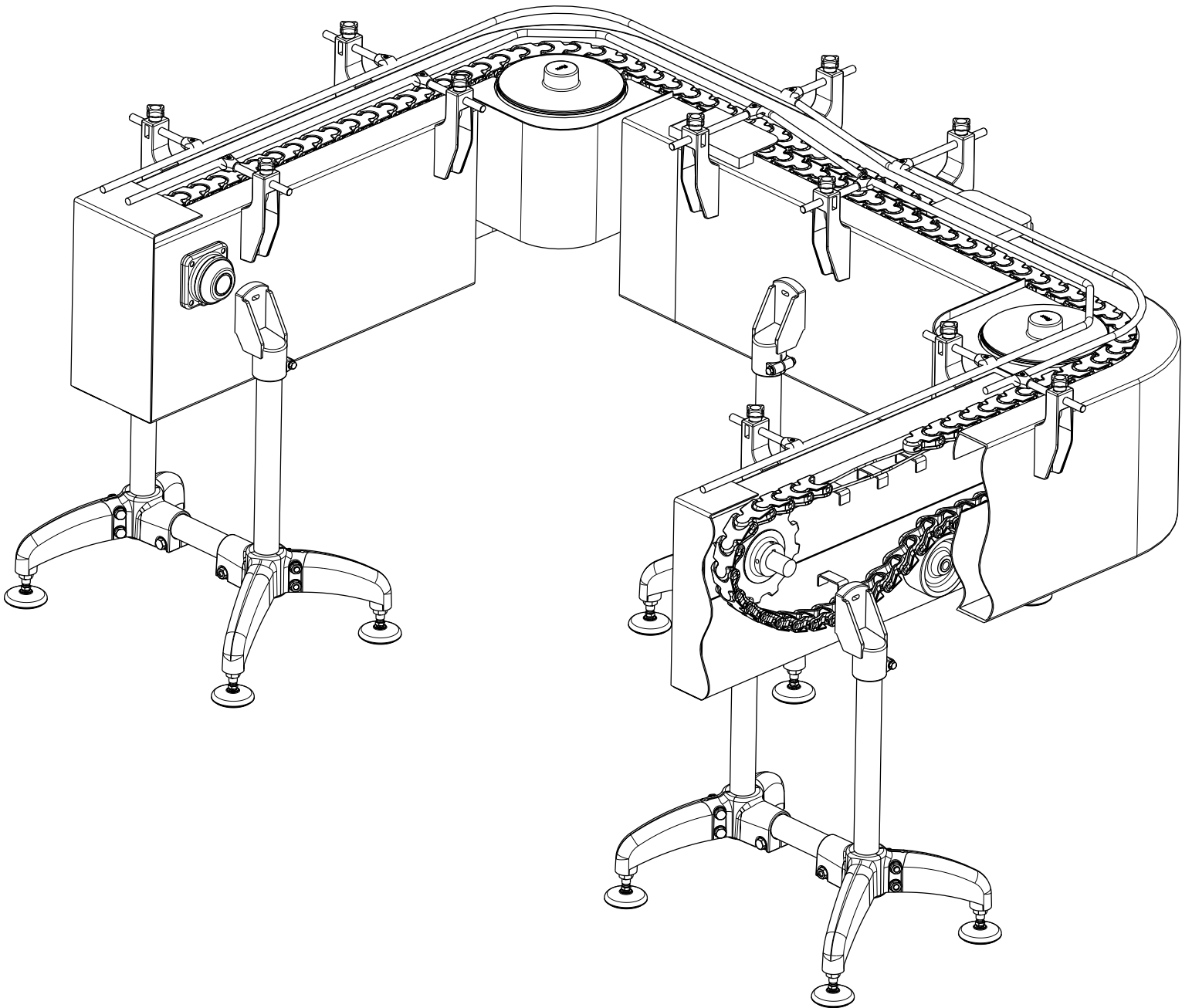


# Rex<sup>®</sup> Multiflex Chains Engineering





# CHAIN MATERIALS

For more detailed material information, see page EM - MF - 8 or the Appendix located at the end of this manual.

Rexnord has developed a variety of chain materials for various and unique applications.

Special materials vary per chain series; see product catalog to determine standard versus special materials.

## ▶ AC (Armour Clad)

- ⇒ Austenitic stainless steel cladding available with a variety of plastic link materials
- ⇒ Excellent for conveying raw castings, rough parts, etc.

## ▶ AS (Anti-Static)

- ⇒ An electrically conductive acetal formulated to reduce or eliminate nuisance static charge
- ⇒ **ALWAYS** contact Rexnord Application Engineering for assistance

## ▶ BWR (Black Wear Resistant)

- ⇒ Specially formulated nylon composite with excellent wear characteristics
- ⇒ BWR may extend chain life up to 5 times in comparison to other plastic materials in abrasive applications (i.e. sand, glass, conveying machined steel, castings, etc.)
- ⇒ Not intended for wet applications due to expansion

## ▶ CR (Extreme Chemical Resistant)

- ⇒ Fluorinated polymer which is chemically resistant to high concentrations of oxidizing agents, acids and bases

## ▶ D & WD (Acetal)

- ⇒ Plain acetal available in gray and white

## ▶ DUV (Ultraviolet Resistant)

- ⇒ Specially formulated acetal
- ⇒ Used for outdoor applications with direct exposure to the sun or UV radiation

## ▶ ESD (Electrostatic Dissipative)

- ⇒ Polypropylene formulated for conveying sensitive products such as electronics and computer chips where controlling static charge or static decay is critical
- ⇒ **ALWAYS** contact Rexnord Application Engineering for assistance

## ▶ FR (Flame Retardant)

- ⇒ Flame retardant polyester that meets the requirements of UL Standard 94 V-0 rated combustion

## ▶ HP™ & WHP (High Performance)

- ⇒ Patented blend of acetal specifically formulated for dry running conveyors due to excellent friction characteristics
- ⇒ Available in dark gray and white

## ▶ LF & WLF (Low Friction)

- ⇒ Patented blend of acetal provides good wear resistance and long service life due to the low coefficient of friction
- ⇒ Available in tan and white

## ▶ MR (Melt Resistant)

- ⇒ A nylon material with a high melting point used to prevent hot objects (product temperature up to 375° F (190° C)) from melting the top of the chain

## ▶ P (Chemical Resistant)

- ⇒ A polyester formulated to reduce or eliminate material degradation in applications where questionable chemicals such as chlorine and phosphorous are present

## ▶ WSM & BSM (Special Material)

- ⇒ Tough acetal material formulated for abrasive and impact loading applications
- ⇒ Cut resistant material commonly used in the meat processing industry on cutting, boning and trimming lines
- ⇒ Available in white and black



**Since materials vary in strength, refer to the product catalog for specific chain / material strengths when changing out materials.**

# Multiflex Conveyor Chain Materials

- > AC (Armour Clad)
- > AS (Anti-Static)
- > BWR (Black Wear Resistant)
- > CR (Extreme Chemical Resistant)
- > D & WD (Acetal)
- > DUV (Ultraviolet)
- > ESD (Electrostatic Dissipative)
- > FR (Flame Retardant)
- > HP™ & WHP (High Performance)
- > LF & WLF (Low Friction)
- > MR (Melt Resistant)
- > P (Chemical Resistant)
- > WSM & BSM (Special Material)

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# FRICITION TABLE BETWEEN CHAIN AND PRODUCT (Fm)

> Friction Table  
Between Chain  
and Product  
(Fm)

Friction Factors Between Chain And Products (Fm)								
Chain Material		Product Material						
Chain Material	Lubrication Condition	Plastic (including PET)	Paper	Steel	Aluminum	Glass	Returnable Glass Bottles	Non-Returnable Glass Bottles
AS	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	0.20	NR	0.22	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.15
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
CR	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	0.20	NR	0.22	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.15
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
D, WD	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	0.20	NR	0.22	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.15
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
ESD	Dry	0.30	0.35	0.35	0.28	0.22	0.29	0.22
	Water	0.25	NR	0.25	0.19	0.17	0.21	0.17
	Soap & Water	0.20	NR	0.20	0.16	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
FR	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	0.20	NR	0.22	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.15
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
HP™, WHP	Dry	0.18	0.23	0.18	0.18	0.13	0.16	0.12
	Water	0.16	NR	0.16	0.14	0.12	0.16	0.11
	Soap & Water	0.14	NR	0.13	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
LF, WLF	Dry	0.20	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.15	0.20	0.15
	Water	0.18	NR	0.20	0.15	0.13	0.16	0.13
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
MR	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
	Soap & Water	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
	Oil	NR	NR	0.10	NR	NR	NR	NR
WSM, BSM	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	0.20	NR	0.22	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.15
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
P	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	0.20	NR	0.22	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.15
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
DUV	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	0.20	NR	0.22	0.17	0.15	0.18	0.15
	Soap & Water	0.15	NR	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.10
	Oil	-	NR	0.10	-	-	-	-
BWR	Dry	0.25	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.27	0.20
	Water	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
	Soap & Water	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
	Oil	NR	NR	0.10	NR	NR	NR	NR
AC	Dry	0.30	0.40	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
	Water	0.20	NR	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
	Soap & Water	0.10	NR	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	-	NR	0.15	-	-	-	-

NR denotes “not recommended”

Dash denotes “combination not tested”



All values shown in this table were obtained through product testing. Actual values may be higher or lower depending on environmental conditions.

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# FRICITION TABLE BETWEEN CHAIN AND WEARSTRIPS (Fw)

Friction Factors Between Chain And Wearstrips (Fw)				
Chain Material		Wearstrip Material		
Chain Material	Lubrication Condition	Steel and Stainless Steel	UHMWPE	Nylatron®
AS	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
CR	Dry	NR	NR	NR
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
D, WD	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
ESD	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
FR	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
HP™, WHP	Dry	0.22	0.18	0.17
	Water	0.20	0.16	0.16
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.14	0.14
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
LF, WLF	Dry	0.25	0.20	0.20
	Water	0.20	0.18	0.18
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
MR	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	NR	NR	NR
	Soap & Water	NR	NR	NR
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
WSM, BSM	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
P	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
DUV	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	0.23	0.21	0.21
	Soap & Water	0.15	0.15	0.15
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10
BWR	Dry	0.30	0.25	0.25
	Water	NR	NR	NR
	Soap & Water	NR	NR	NR
	Oil	0.10	0.10	0.10

NR denotes “not recommended”



Friction between chain and wearstrip (Fw) must be adjusted when inclining / declining. See Friction Formulas on page EM - MF - 27 for more information.



All values shown in this table were obtained through product testing. Actual values may be higher or lower depending on environmental conditions.

> Friction Table Between Chain and Wearstrips (Fw)

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# WEARSTRIP MATERIALS

Proper chain and wearstrip selection will provide optimum life. Since a function of the wearstrip is to lower friction and to reduce wear, it is recommended to give careful consideration when selecting the material.

The following general guidelines will help in selecting the proper material for your application:

## ▶ Acetal

- ⇒ Not recommended for use with acetal chains; it is best not to run identical plastics together

## ▶ Aluminum

- ⇒ **NOT RECOMMENDED** due to poor wear resistance

## ▶ Bronze and Brass

- ⇒ Sometimes used with stainless steel chains
- ⇒ Typically used for non-sparking and anti-static conditions
- ⇒ For bronze - recommended one half hard temper (Rb 58)
- ⇒ For brass - recommended one half hard (Rb 70 Min) to full hard (Rb 82) temper

## ▶ Nylatron® (Nylon with Molydisulfide Filler)

- ⇒ Recommended for dry applications due to low wear and low friction
- ⇒ Especially suited for dry operation on thermoplastic side-flexing chain corners due to its high PV (Pressure-Velocity) rating
- ⇒ Typically not recommended in wet applications because it will absorb moisture and expand (if used in wet applications, allow clearance for expansion and movement of fasteners)

## ▶ Lubricant Impregnated Wood

- ⇒ Commonly used in dry abrasive applications (i.e. glass, paper)
- ⇒ Not recommended in wet applications

## ▶ Steel

- ⇒ Recommended for non-corrosive, abrasive or high temperature applications
- ⇒ Abrasive particles are less likely to imbed in metal wearstrips in comparison to plastic
- ⇒ A cold rolled plain carbon steel is recommended
- ⇒ Heat treated grades - hardened to 25 to 30 Rc is recommended

## ▶ Stainless Steel

- ⇒ Recommended for corrosive, abrasive or high temperature applications
- ⇒ Abrasive particles are less likely to imbed in metal wearstrips in comparison to plastic
- ⇒ A cold rolled austenitic grade is recommended which offers the best corrosion resistant properties
- ⇒ Recommended one quarter hard temper (25 to 35 Rc)
- ⇒ Softer annealed grades of austenitic are **NOT RECOMMENDED**. Interaction between the chain material and the soft stainless steel might develop. When this happens, the resulting wear debris consists almost entirely of finely divided stainless steel particles, nearly black in color, similar to molydisulfide or graphite. The wear of the stainless steel might be rapid while the thermoplastic chain by contrast exhibits only slight wear.
- ⇒ Martensitic stainless steel can also be used when heat treated (25 to 35 Rc); however, it is not as corrosion resistant as austenitic
- ⇒ Hardness is more critical than grade for better wear resistance

## ▶ Teflon®

- ⇒ Recommended only for very low speed - low load applications

## ▶ UHMWPE (Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene)

- ⇒ Recommended for dry or wet applications on straight or side-flexing conveyors
- ⇒ Not recommended for abrasive conditions where particles may imbed in the surface and wear the chain
- ⇒ Provide lower coefficient of friction than metals
- ⇒ Not affected by moisture and more resistant to chemicals than nylon
- ⇒ UHMWPE materials can be supplied with various fillers:
  - Ceramic / glass
  - Conductive
  - Oil / wax



Wearstrip surface finish is a critical aspect for overall chain life. A surface finish of 32 to 63  $\mu$ -in Ra is recommended for metal wearstrips and 32 to 125  $\mu$ -in Ra for plastic wearstrips.

## Multiflex Wearstrip Materials

> Acetal

> Aluminum

> Bronze and Brass

> Nylatron® (Nylon with Molydisulfide Filler)

> Lubricant Impregnated Wood

> Steel

> Stainless Steel

> Teflon®

> UHMWPE (Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene)

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# ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

## Abrasive Applications

Applications with the presence of dirt, sand, glass or metal particles can lead to premature wear of the conveying chain and wearstrips.

Recommendations:

- ⇒ Utilize wearstrips and chains with a hard wear surface
- ⇒ If possible, use controls to minimize the amount of accumulation

## Chemical Applications

Make sure any chemicals or cleaners used on conveyors are compatible with chain, wearstrip and sprockets. See table on page EM - MF - 9 for more detailed compatibility information.

## Dry Applications

Considerations to be taken when running dry:

- ◆ Product backline pressure
- ◆ Conveyor cleanliness
- ◆ Conveyor pulsation
- ◆ Increased component wear

## Extreme Temperature Applications

The recommended minimum and maximum operating temperatures for Rex® Multiflex chain and wearstrips can vary due to the presence of moisture.

Material	Minimum Temperature		Maximum Temperature			
	Dry		Dry		Wet	
	° F	° C	° F	° C	° F	° C
Acetal	-40	-40	180	82	150	66
UHMWPE	-100	-73	180	82	160	71
Nylon	-40	-40	170	77	150	66
Stainless Steel	-100	-73	800	427	250	121
Steel	-40	-40	350	177	250	121
Lubricated Impregnated Wood	-50	-46	160	71	160	71

## High Speed Applications

In any high speed application, the critical aspect of the conveyor is the corners. The concern with running the chain at high speeds is the PV (Pressure-Velocity) in the corners. If the PV limits are exceeded, the chain or corner track may become damaged due to the heat generated from the high speed and/or load. It is generally recommended to utilize Nylatron® corner tracks in conjunction with HP™ or LF materials or selective lubrication for these applications.

## Long Length Conveyors / Pulsation Applications

Pulsation or "slip stick" of chain results in a jerking chain motion which can occur in long, slow speed and dry conveyors.

Pulsation can create product stability problems in extreme cases. It can also result in premature chain elongation or the chain jumping drive sprocket teeth. If corner discs are utilized, it is recommended that conveyor lengths do not exceed 150 ft (46 m) per drive, regardless of loading. Rexnord also recommends a 150° minimum wrap on the head sprocket. If necessary, this can be maintained with the use of a snubber roller.

## Static Environment Applications

Under certain conditions, thermoplastic can acquire a static nuisance charge. Static charges are classified as:



**Class 1:** Static spark causes explosion - stainless steel chains are recommended.

**Class 2:** Static spark is a nuisance charge - low charge will provide slight shock or possible circuit damage.

Special thermoplastic materials could be considered.

All applications utilizing thermoplastic anti-static materials (i.e. AS, ESD) must be approved by Rexnord Application Engineering prior to quoting.



Grounding is crucial for the system to reduce static charges.

## UV Applications

When conveyor chains are exposed to direct UV (Ultraviolet) or sunlight, DUV stabilized material should be utilized.

# Multiflex Environment Considerations

- > Abrasive Applications
- > Chemical Applications
- > Dry Applications
- > Extreme Temperature Applications
- > High Speed Applications
- > Long Length Conveyors / Pulsation Applications
- > Static Environment Applications
- > UV Applications

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> Rex® Multiflex Chain Material Selection Table

**Rex® Multiflex Chain Material Selection Table**

	Thermoplastic												
	AC	HP™, WHP	LF, WLF	D, WD	BWR	AS	ESD	P	CR	MR	DUV	FR	BSM, WSM
Impact Resistance	•				•				•				•
Wear Resistance	•	•	•	•	•								•
Chemical Resistance*	•						•						
Strength	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•		•
Low Frictional Characteristics													
Capability to Run Dry in Corners													
Suitability in Wet Environment	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•
Low Temperature Capability (to -40 Deg. F)	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•
High Temperature Capability (to +180 Deg. F)	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•
Ultraviolet Capability	•										•		
Suitability for Class II (nuisance static)	•								•	•			
Suitability for Class I (explosive static)	•												
Non-Magnetic Qualities	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•
Flame Retardance	•												
Capability to Convey Hot Products (to +375 Deg. F)	•												•
FDA Approval	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•	•	•

**AC** = Armor Clad, Austenitic Stainless Steel  
**HP™** = High Performance  
**WHP** = White High Performance  
**LF** = Low Friction  
**WLF** = White Low Friction  
**D** = Acetal  
**WD** = White Acetal  
**BWR** = Black Wear Resistant  
**AS** = Anti-Static  
**ESD** = Electrostatic Dissipative  
**P** = Chemical Resistant  
**CR** = Extreme Chemical Resistant  
**MR** = Melt Resistant  
**DUV** = Ultraviolet Resistant  
**FR** = Flame Retardant  
**BSM** = Black Special Material  
**WSM** = White Special Material

\* See Corrosion Resistance Guide on Page EM - MF - 9 For more details

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# CORROSION RESISTANCE GUIDE

## Multiflex Corrosion Resistance Guide

> Corrosion  
Resistance Guide

Common or Chemical Name	Austenitic Series	Acetal	Nylon and Nylatron®	Polyester	Chemically Resistant Fluorinated Polymer	Polypropylene	Polyethylene
Material Name	AC, SS	AS, D, WD, DUJ, LF, WLF, HP*, VHP, WSM, BSM	BWR, MR	P, FR	CR	ESD	UHMWPE
Acetic Acid (over 5%-up to 50%)	M	U	M	S	S	S	S
Acetone	S	S	S	S	U	S	S
Alcohol	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Ammonia	S	U	S	S	S	S	S
Beer	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Beverages-Soft Drinks	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Benzene	S	S	S	S	S	M	M
Brine (pickle)	M	M	M	S	S	S	S
Carbon Tetrachloride	M	S	S	S	U	M	M
Chlorine	U	U	U	S	S	S	S
Citric Acid	S	M	M	S	S	S	S
Cyclohexane	--	S	--	--	S	U	U
Ethyl Chloride	S	S	S	S	S	M	M
Formaldehyde	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
Formic Acid	U	U	U	S	S	S	S
Fruit Juices	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Gasoline	S	S	S	S	S	M	M
Hexane	S	S	--	S	S	S	U
Hydrochloric Acid (up to 2%)	U	U	U	S	S	S	S
Hydrochloric Acid (up to 37%)	U	U	U	S	S	M	S
Hydrogen Peroxide	S	U	U	S	S	S	S
Iodine	U	U	U	U	M	M	M
Isopropanol (isopropyl alcohol)	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Lactic Acid	S	S	M	S	M	S	S
Methylene Chloride	S	S	--	U	M	S	U
Milk	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Muriatic Acid	U	U	U	S	S	M	S
Nitric Acid (low concentrations)	S	U	U	S	M	S	S
Oil (vegetable or mineral)	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Paraffin	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Phosphoric Acid (up to 10%)	S	U	U	S	S	S	S
Soap and Water	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Sodium Chloride	M	S	S	S	S	S	S
Sodium Hydroxide (up to 25%)	S	S	U	U	M	S	S
Sodium Hypochlorite (Bleach)	U	U	U	S	S	S	S
Stearic Acid	S	M	S	S	S	S	S
Sulphuric Acid (up to 40%)	U	U	U	S	S	S	S
Toluene (Toluol)	S	M	S	S	M	S	U
Turpentine	S	S	S	S	S	S	U
Vegetable Juices	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Vinegar	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
Water (fresh)	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Whiskey	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Wine	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Xylene	S	S	S	S	S	U	M

**Dash = Not tested**  
**U = Unsatisfactory**

**M = Marginal**  
**S = Satisfactory**

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**General Rules of Thumb:**

With thermoplastic products, do not use cleaning or lubricating agents with a pH below 4 or above 10.

This table is based on data available by suppliers of the various materials.

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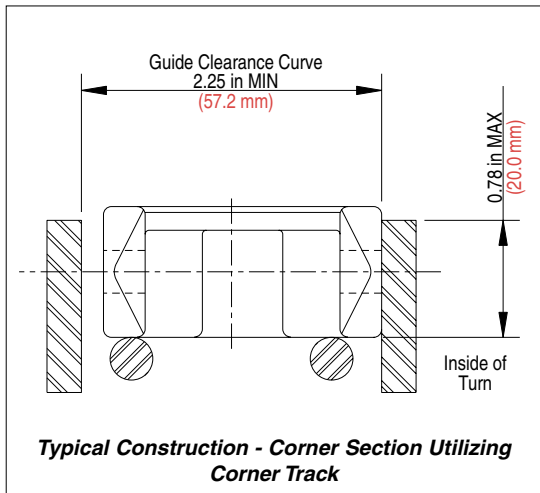
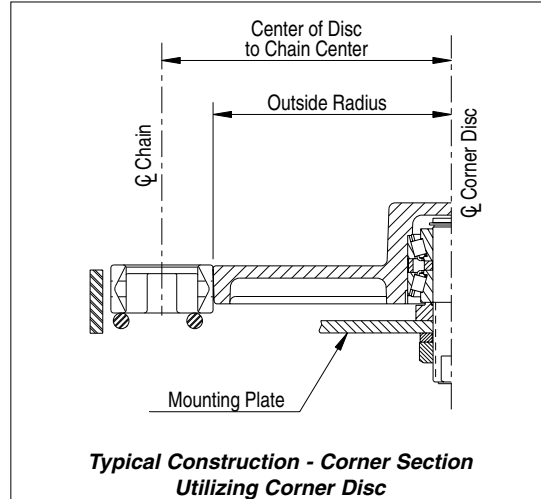
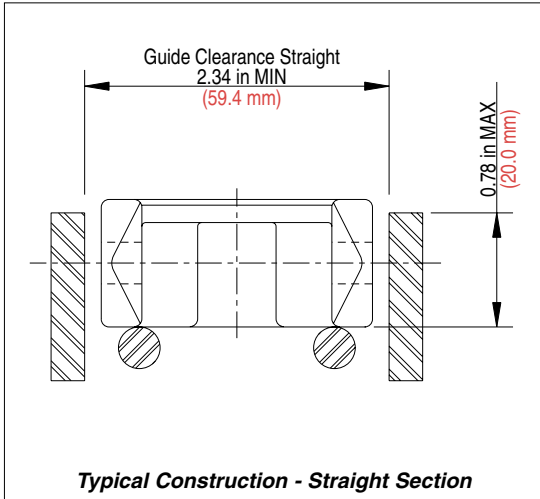


# CONVEYOR DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

## ► Carry Ways

Guide clearance is critical for Rex® Multiflex chains. For guide clearance dimensions of individual chains, see table on page EM - MF - 15 or product catalog.

## ► Side-flexing - Straight Edge Design (1702)



- ⇒ Chain can be lifted out of straight sections for cleaning or inspection
- ⇒ Longer conveyors can be achieved with the use of corner discs

## > Carry Ways

## > Side-flexing - Straight Edge Design (1702)

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# CONVEYOR DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

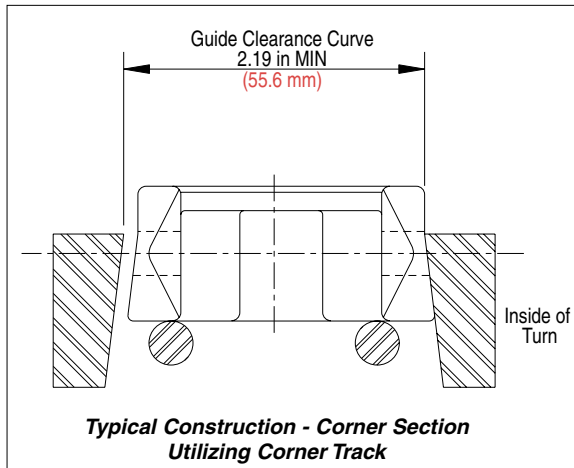
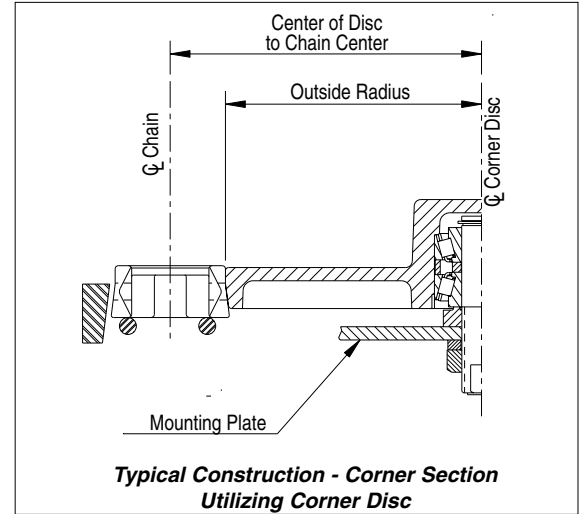
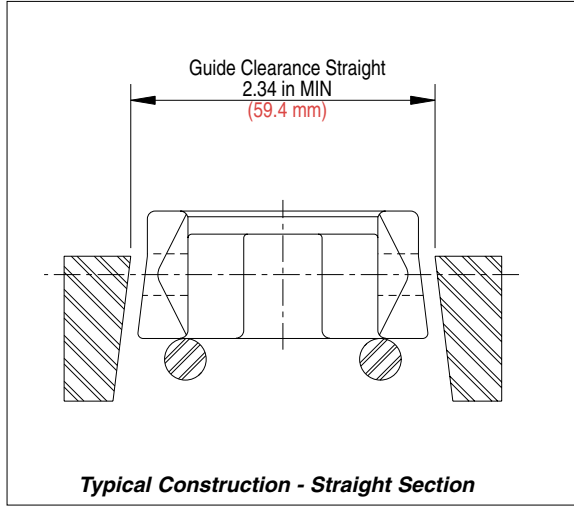
## ► Carry Ways

Guide clearance is critical for Rex® Multiflex chains. For guide clearance dimensions of individual chains, see table on page EM - MF - 15 or product catalog.

## ► Side-flexing - Bevel Design

> Carry Ways

> Side-flexing - Bevel Design



- ⇒ Chain can be lifted out of straight sections for cleaning or inspection
- ⇒ Longer conveyors can be achieved with the use of corner discs



**1700, 1755, 1765 and 2550 chains MUST utilize corner discs.**

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# CONVEYOR DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

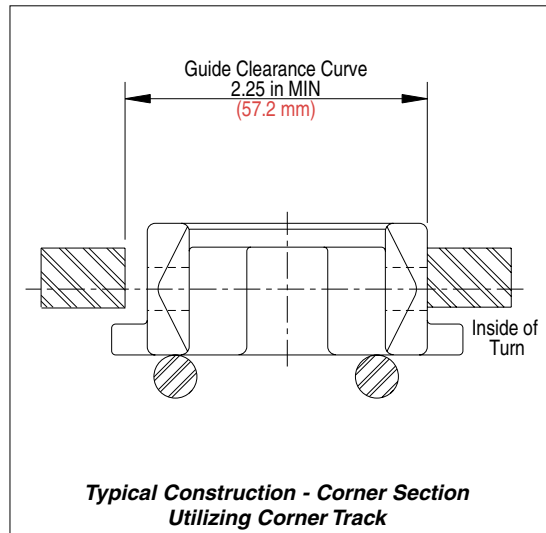
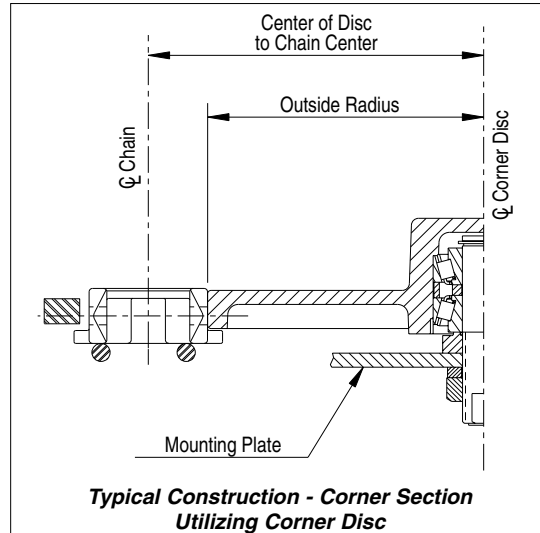
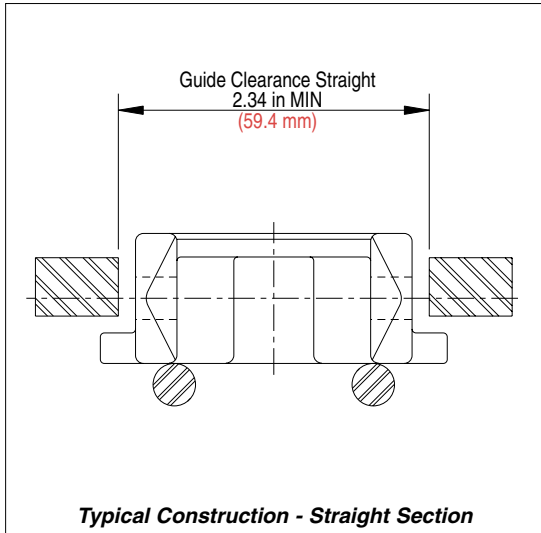
## ► Carry Ways

Guide clearance is critical for Rex® Multiflex chains. For guide clearance dimensions of individual chains, see table on page EM - MF - 15 or product catalog.

### > Carry Ways

### > Side-flexing - TAB Design

## ► Side-flexing - TAB Design



- ⇒ Positive retention
- ⇒ TABs hold chain down in incline or decline applications
- ⇒ Chain top surface wear is decreased if the TAB return is utilized
- ⇒ Longer conveyors can be achieved with the use of corner discs
- ⇒ Once assembled, the TAB chain cannot be lifted out of the conveyor track

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**SIDE-FLEX RADIUS TABLE**

Chain Style	Chain Width		Minimum Side-flex Radius	
	inches	mm	inches	mm
1700	2.17	55.1	5.75	146.1
AC 1700	2.17	55.1	5.75	146.1
1701	2.09	53.1	5.75	146.1
1701 TAB	2.09	53.1	5.75	146.1
AC 1701 TAB	2.09	53.1	5.75	146.1
1702	2.09	53.1	5.75	146.1
1755	1.09	27.7	5.38	136.5
1757 TAB	3.25	82.6	6.00	152.4
LBP 1757 TAB	3.25	82.6	6.00	152.4
1757 TAB G	3.25	82.6	8.00	203.2
1765	2.17	55.1	4.92	125.0
2500 TAB	2.63	66.8	9.50	241.3
2550 TAB	3.50	88.9	9.50	241.3

**NOTES**

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**Multiflex Chain Track Details**
**Side-flexing**

Chain Style	1701	1701T AC 1701T	2500T	1700 AC 1700 1765	1702	1755	1757T LBP 1757T 1757T G	2550T
	Hold Down Style	Bevel	TAB	TAB	N/A	N/A	N/A	TAB
Guide Clearance	2.19	2.34	2.97	2.28	2.34	1.20	2.44	3.76
Straight	55.6	59.5	75.4	58.0	59.4	30.5	61.9	95.4
Guide Clearance	2.34	2.25	2.81	2.28	2.25	1.20	*	3.74
Corner	59.4	57.2	71.4	58.0	57.2	30.5	*	95.0
Corner Wearstrip	0.63	0.63	0.75	Must Use Corner Disc	Must Use Corner Disc	Must Use Corner Disc	*	Must Use Corner Disc
Thickness	16.0	16.0	19.0					

\* Rexnord only offers corner discs for these chains; however, corner tracks can be utilized.

> Multiflex  
Chain Track  
Details

> Side-flexing

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> **Transfers**

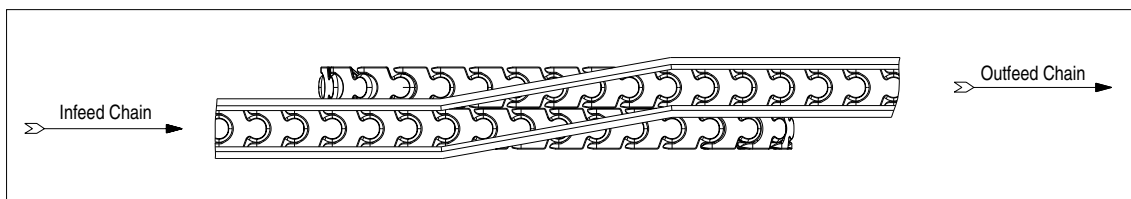
> **Side Transfer**

> **Inline Transfer**

▶ **Transfers**

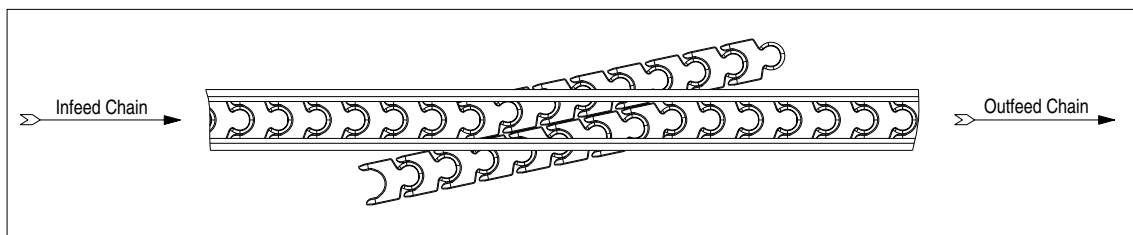
Smooth transfer of the conveyed product from one chain to another is essential. The various methods are described below:

▶ **Side Transfer**



- ✓ ⇒ Adjacent strands of chain should share a common wearstrip
- ⇒ No stranded products

▶ **Inline Transfer**



- ✓ ⇒ Adjacent strands of chain should share a common wearstrip
- ⇒ Allows product to remain in straight line
- ⇒ No stranded products



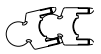
These arrangements are used in an offset wrap drive, which allow a single strand of chain to be used; see page EM - TT - 21 (TableTop® Section) for offset wrap drive details.

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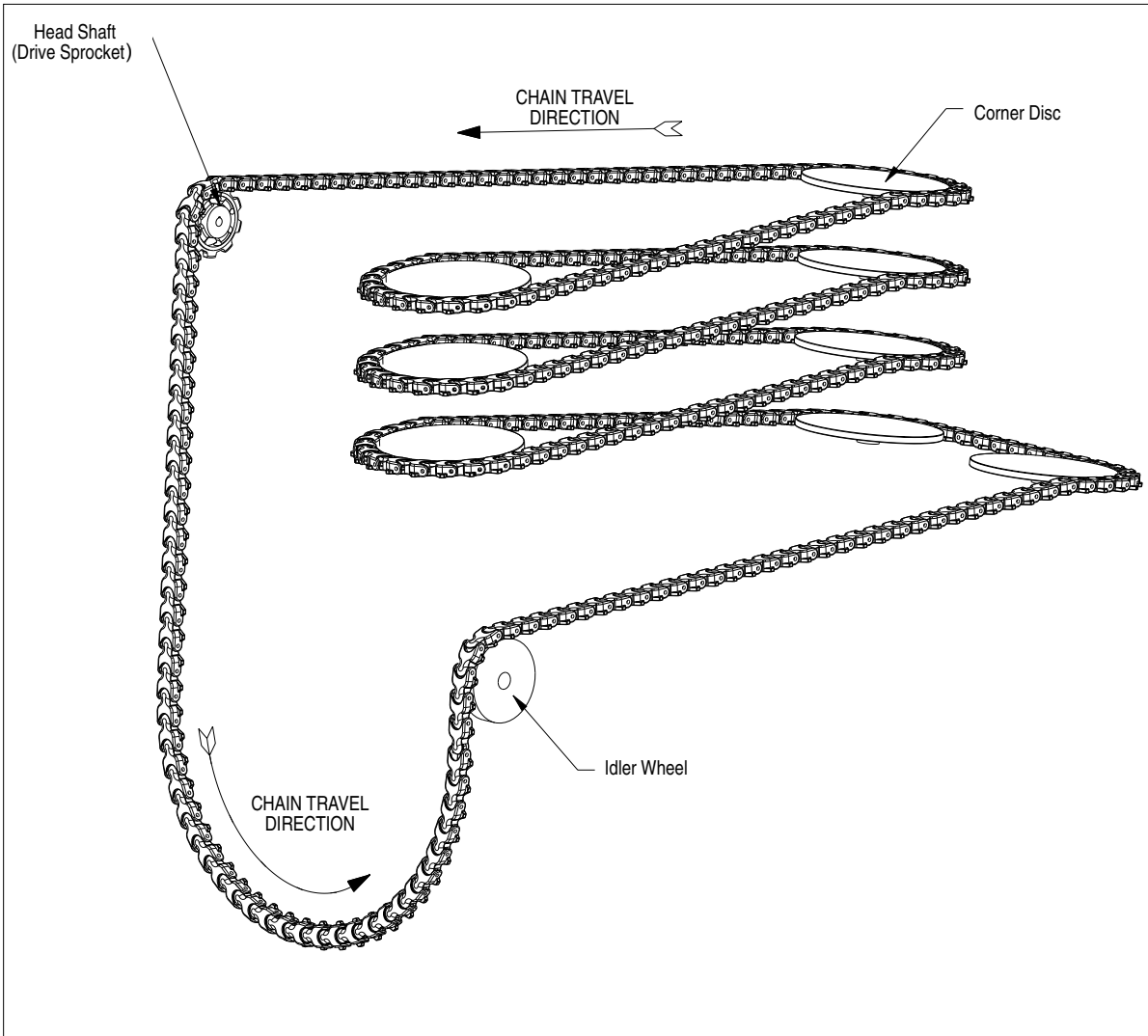


# CONVEYOR DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

## ▶ Alternate Drive Configurations

### ▶ Alpine Conveyor

Rex® Multiflex chains have the ability to elevate or lower products in a very compact area. This figure shows a typical elevating system and how the chain is returned in a non-standard configuration.



## > Alternate Drive Configurations

### > Alpine Conveyor

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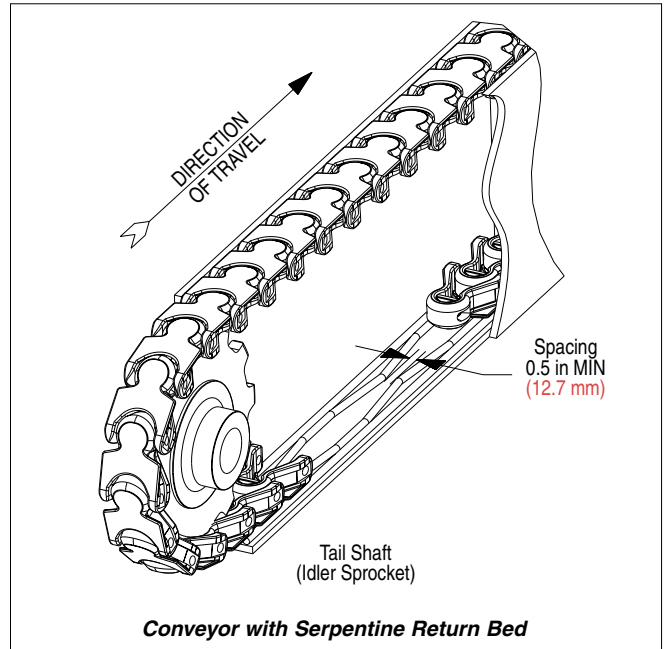
- ⇒ Full return is not required
- ⇒ The chain hangs straight down from the drive sprocket and side-flexes back up into the tail section
- ⇒ Elevators can be designed with free-hanging (catenary sag) and sliding returns
- ⇒ Roller returns are not recommended
- ⇒ The straight and corner return sections can be the same as the carry section
- ⇒ The chain is run in the conveyor upside down through the return section
- ⇒ Depending on chain design, discs may have to be mounted upside-down in the return

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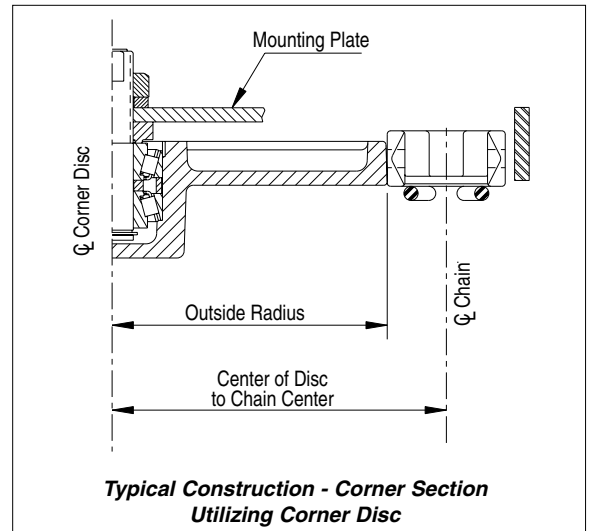
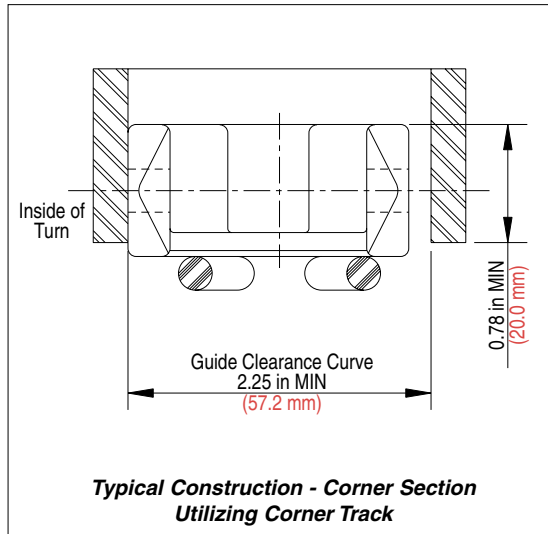
**Return Ways - Serpentine Style Return**

A wide selection of chain returns are possible with Rex® Multiflex chains which offers considerable conveyor design freedom.

- ⇒ The chain is fully supported
- ⇒ Allows for drainage and the passage of foreign materials



**Side-flexing - Straight Edge Design (1702)**



- ⇒ The corner disc in the return section is mounted in the same manner as in the carry section
- ⇒ Depending on chain design, discs may have to be mounted upside-down in the return

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> Return Ways - Serpentine Style Return

> Side-flexing - Straight Edge Design (1702)

**Regulatory Information:**

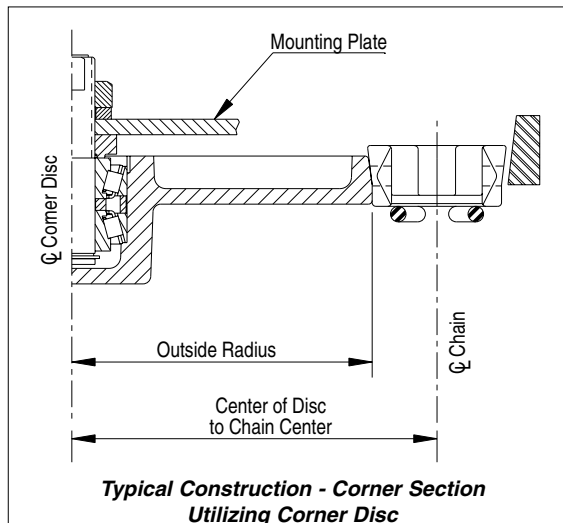
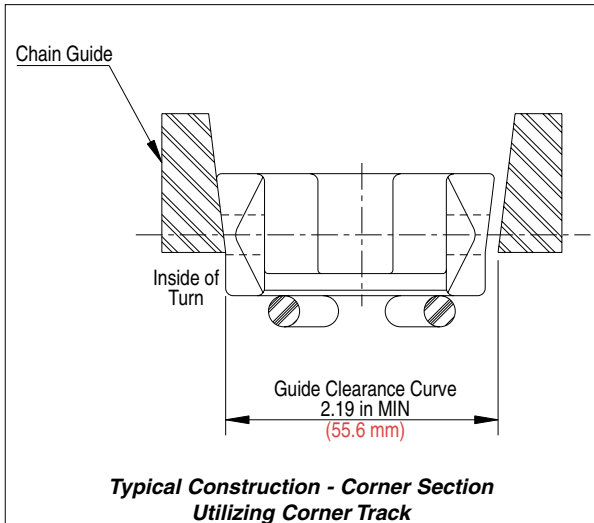
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### Return Ways - Serpentine Style Return

#### Side-flexing - Bevel Design



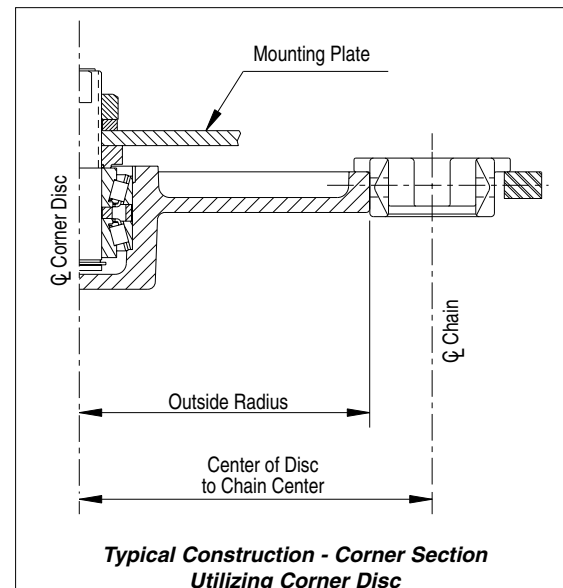
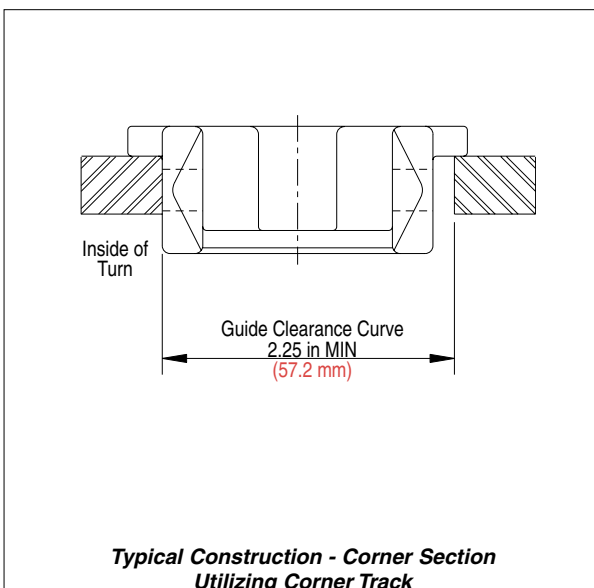
- ⇒ The corner disc in the return section is mounted in the same manner as in the carry section
- ⇒ Depending on chain design, discs may have to be mounted upside-down in the return

### > Return Ways - Serpentine Style Return

#### > Side-flexing - Bevel Design

#### > Side-flexing - TAB Design

#### Side-flexing - TAB Design



- ⇒ The corner disc in the return section is mounted in the same manner as in the carry section
- ⇒ Depending on chain design, discs may have to be mounted upside-down in the return

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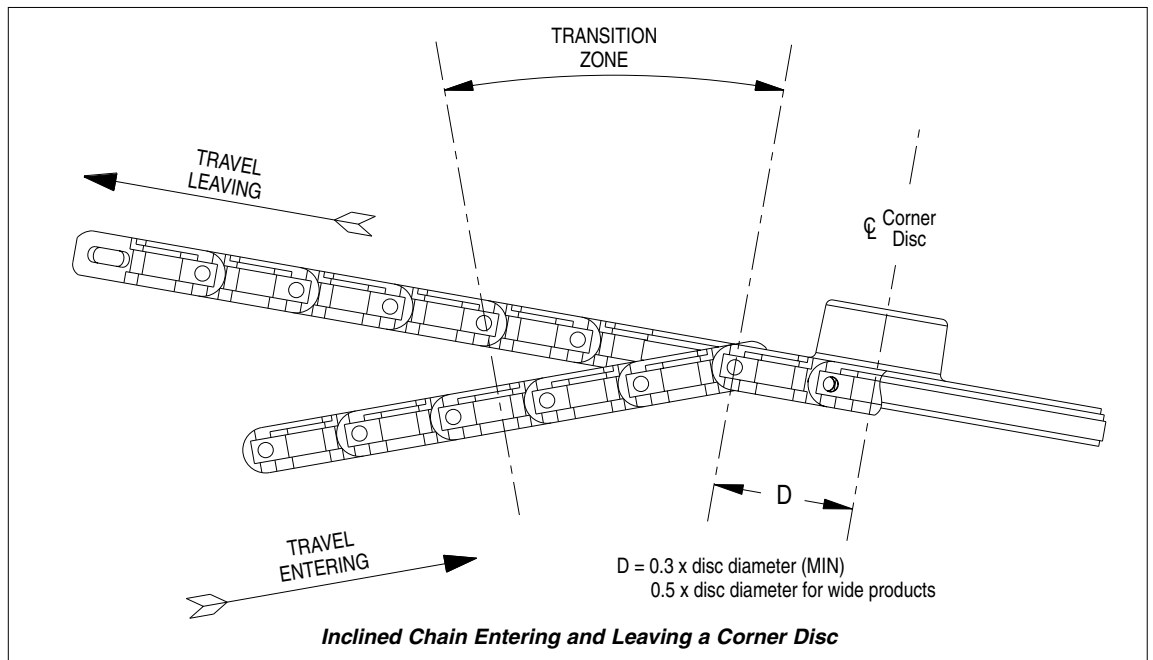


**➤ Multiflex Incline Conveyors**



To assure proper functioning of these conveyors it is important that:

- ⇒ The chain enters and leaves the disc in the same plane as the disc
- ⇒ In the transition zone, the wearstrips should be curved to accomplish smooth transition from one plane to the next
- ⇒ The maximum angle of incline or decline for an application depends on product stability and friction between chain and product

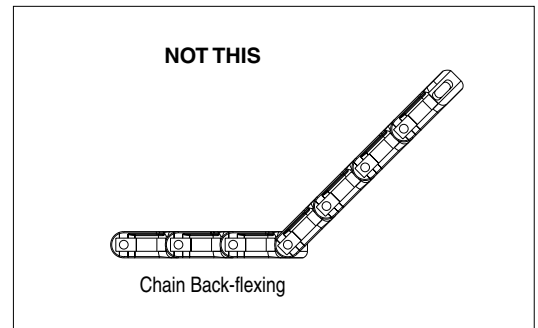
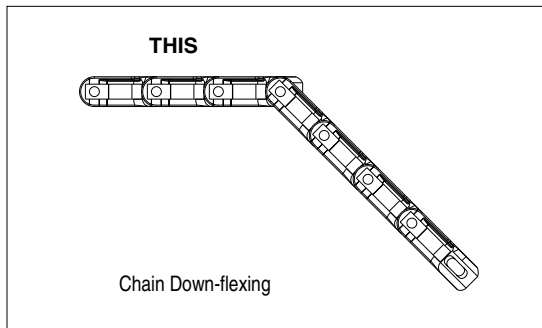


- ⇒ When inclining, the chain must pass through a transition zone **prior** to entering the disc
- ⇒ The disc should be tipped so that it lies in the same plane as the chain exiting the disc

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- ⇒ Any change in angle of chain travel should be made by down-flexing the chain as shown
- ⇒ Back-flexing through a change in angle will cause the chain to rise out of the conveyor frame

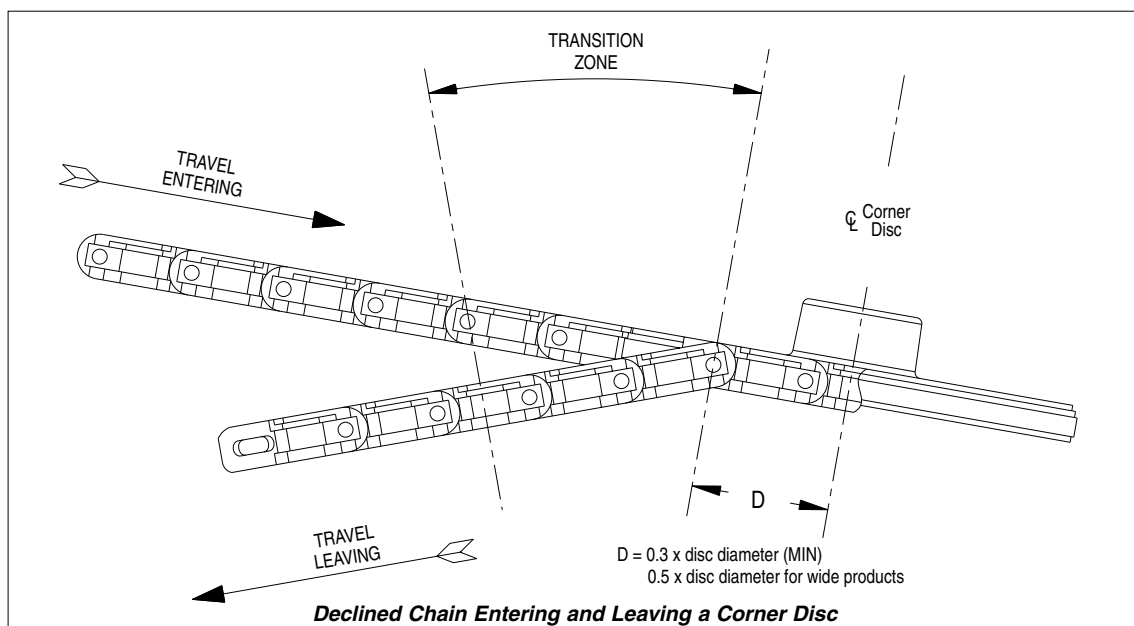
*Contact Rexnord Application Engineering for more information 1.262.376.4800*

## ➤ Multiflex Decline Conveyors

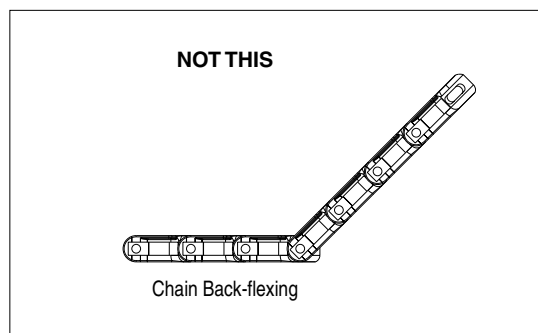
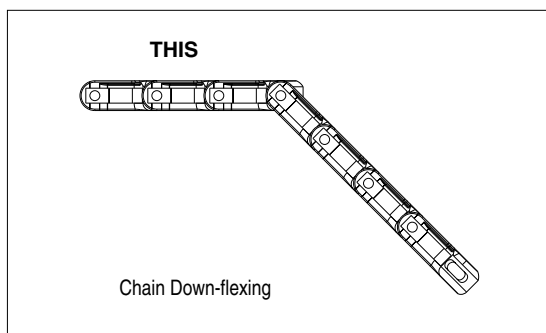


To assure proper functioning of these conveyors it is important that:

- ⇒ The chain enters and leaves the disc in the same plane as the disc
- ⇒ In the transition zone, the wearstrips should be curved to accomplish smooth transition from one plane to the next
- ⇒ The maximum angle of incline or decline for an application depends on product stability and friction between chain and product



- ⇒ When declining, the chain must pass through a transition zone only **after** it has exited the disc
- ⇒ The disc should be tipped to lie in the same plane as the entering chain



- ⇒ Any change in angle of chain travel should be will made by down-flexing the chain as shown
- ⇒ Back-flexing through a change in angle cause the chain to rise out of the conveyor frame

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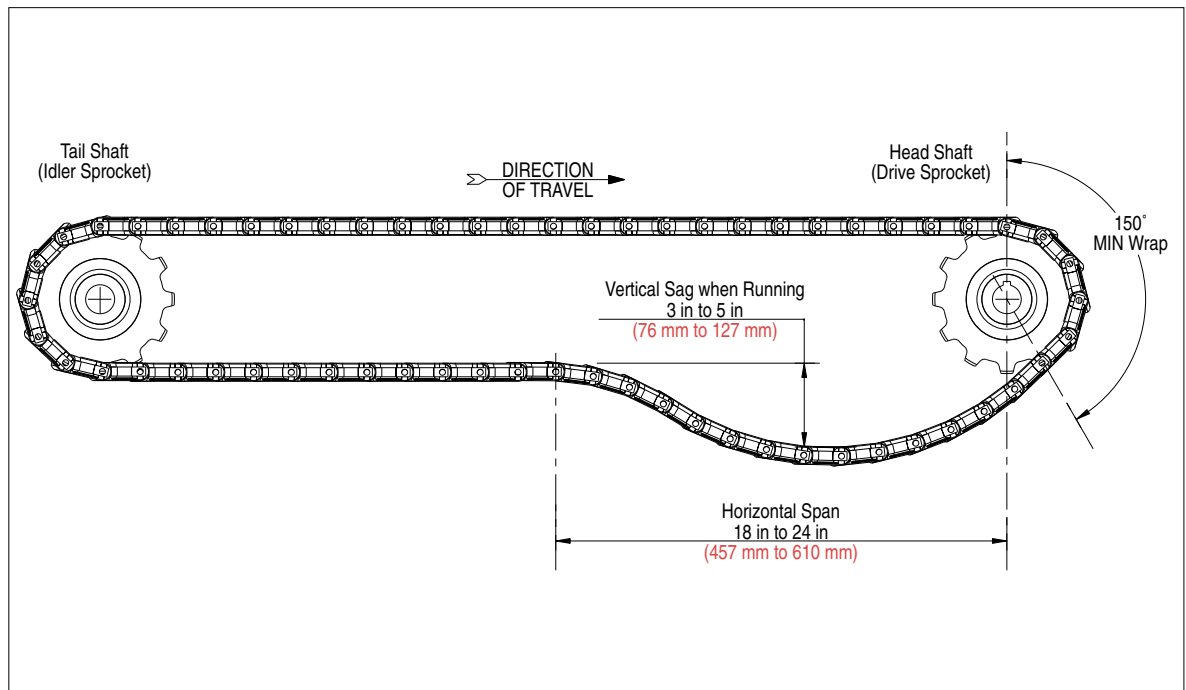
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## ► Catenary Sag

### > Catenary Sag

- ⇒ The function of the catenary is to allow a place for excess chain to accumulate
- ⇒ Rex® Multiflex chains should never be run tight
- ⇒ The catenary sag should be measured when running
- ⇒ If catenary sag is excessive or increases due to wear, it should be adjusted by removing links to obtain the proper sag
- ⇒ Take-ups are typically not recommended
- ⇒ The catenary sag should be located as close to the drive as possible



The catenary sag area must be free of all obstructions, such as frame cross-members, supports, drive components, etc., that can damage the chain or inhibit proper catenary sag.

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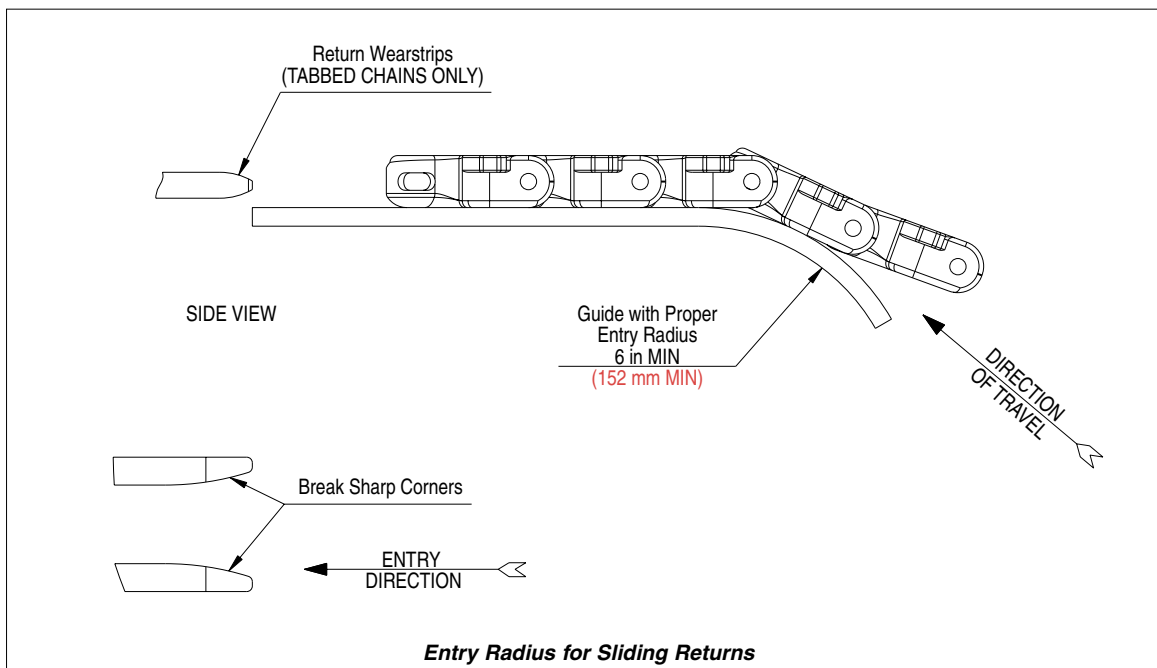
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## ➤ Entry Radius for Sliding Returns

- ⚠ **CAUTION** ⇒ Provide a generous entry radius to the return section which permits the chain to feed smoothly into the return ways
- ⇒ The entry radius should be greater than the minimum back-flex radius of the chain (see table below)
- ⇒ Rexnord recommends a 6 in (152 mm) minimum entry radius to prevent non-uniform wear
- ⇒ When returning a chain on its TABS, guide the chain onto the return wearstrips using a guide shoe (see table on page EM - MF - 15 for proper guide clearance)
- ⇒ At the entry of the return wearstrips, provide rounded corners to prevent catching or snagging of the chain flights



### BACK-FLEX RADIUS TABLE

Chain Style	Minimum Back-flex Radius	
	inches	mm
1700, AC 1700, 1701, 1701 TAB, AC 1701 TAB, 1702, 1755, 2500 TAB, 2550 TAB	1.50	38.1
1757 TAB, LBP 1757 TAB	4.00	101.6
1765	2.50	63.5

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## ► Sprocket and Wearstrip Location

The distance from the end of the wearstrip to the sprocket shaft centerline should equal dimension "C"; otherwise the wearstrip will interfere with the free articulation of the chain as it enters the sprocket.

- ⇒ The leading edges of the wearstrip should be beveled
- ⇒ The following formulas and dimensions used in conjunction with the figure will give the proper shaft and wearstrip positioning:

## ► Sprocket Location For Conventional Chains:

**A = (Pitch Diameter/2) - E**  
**C = One Chain Pitch (See Table Below)**

"C" equals one chain pitch which ensures support under chain at all times.

### Example:

For a 1700 chain utilizing a 10T sprocket:

$$A = (\text{Pitch Diameter}/2) - E$$

$$= (6.369 \text{ in}/2) - 0.470 \text{ in} = 2.715 \text{ in}$$

$$C = 1.97 \text{ in}$$

### Metric:

$$A = (\text{Pitch Diameter}/2) - E$$

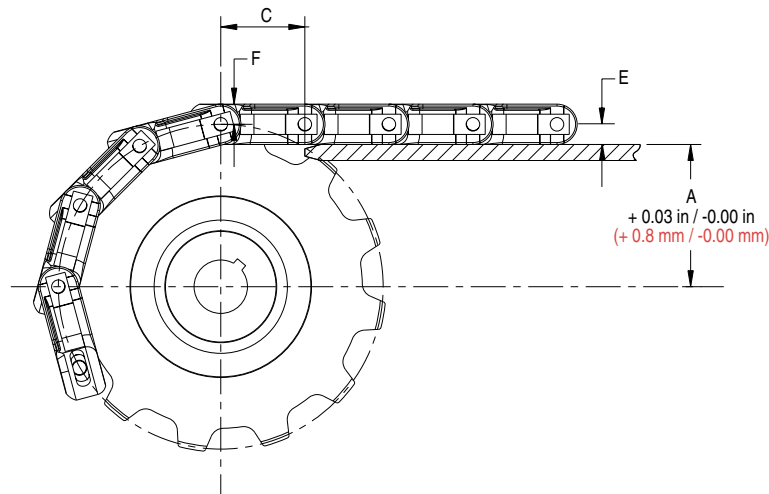
$$= (161.77 \text{ mm}/2) - 11.94 \text{ mm} = 68.95 \text{ mm}$$

$$C = 50.0 \text{ mm}$$

### Tolerances

$$A = +0.03 \text{ in} / -0.00 \text{ in} \quad (+0.8 \text{ mm} / -0.0 \text{ mm})$$

$$C = +0.25 \text{ in} / -0.00 \text{ in} \quad (+6.3 \text{ mm} / -0.0 \text{ mm})$$



## SHAFT DROP VALUES

For Conventional Chains					
Chain Series	Chain Numbers	"C" Dimension		"E" Dimension	
		inches	mm	inches	mm
1700	1700, AC1700	1.97	50.0	0.470	11.94
1701	1701	1.97	50.0	0.480	12.19
1701TAB	1701TAB, AC1701TAB	1.97	50.0	0.480	12.19
1702	1702	1.97	50.0	0.480	12.19
1755	1755	1.58	40.0	0.250	6.35
1765	1765	1.97	50.0	0.470	11.94
2500TAB	2500TAB	3.00	76.2	0.700	17.78
2550TAB	2550TAB	3.00	76.2	0.700	17.78
1757	1757TAB	1.50	38.1	0.940	23.88
LBP1757	LBP1757TAB	1.50	38.1	0.940	23.88



For 1757 chains, see page EM - TT - 26 (TableTop® section).

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